

CENTRE FOR DISTANCE EDUCATION

SNDT Women's University

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Syllabus for Distance Education Students

(w.e.f. Year - 2013 - 14)

M.A. Part - I

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Political Science Syllabus

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M.A. I

Semester I

1. Political Theory (109001)

Marks: 100 (4 credits)

Objective:

This Course gives a broad overview of the essential character and role of political theory within the larger discipline of Political Science. Student gets an historical overview of the fundamental concerns of the discipline of Political Science. She is equipped with the basic conceptual framework of the discipline.

Course Content	Marks
1. Nature and Significance of Political Theory	
a. What is theory?: Difference between theory, thought, philosophy and	
ideology	
b. Changes in nature of the term 'theory': Little Theories, Grand	10
Theories	10
c. Changes in the content of the term 'political'	
d. Why do we study political theories?	
2. Importance and Limitations of the Classical Tradition	
a. Essential characteristics of Classical Tradition	
b. Overview of the Contribution of Ancient Political Philosophers to	20
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c. Significance of value based approach	
d. Medieval Period: Emergence of Christianity and its impact on the	
Political Theory	
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3. Modern Approaches: Behaviouralism, Post-behaviouralism and	
Marxism	
a. Positivist Social Sciences, Vienna Circle and Institutionalisation of the	
discipline of Political Science in the West	
b. Chicago School and the Search for Universal Theory	
c. Essential tenets of Behaviouralism	
d. Post Behaviouralism and Critique of Behavioural assumptions	30
e. Beyond post - behaviouralism	
f. Behaviouralism vis-à-vis Marxism: Stability versus change &	
scientism versus humanism debates.	
g. Decline and Revival of Political theory	
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	h. Marxist approach to Political Theory:	
	i. Variations in Traditional Marxist Approach: Marx, Engels, Lenin &	
	Gramsci	
	j. Introduction to the Frankfurt school	
Unit 4	4. Civil Society and the State	
	a. Historical Evolution of the idea of Civil Society:	
	- Liberal idea,	
	- Political Economy & Civil society,	
	- Hegelian Civil Society,	
	- Marx, Gramsci & Civil Society.	
	b. Contemporary Revival of Civil Society: Global Civil Society	20
	c. Difference between State and Civil Society, Difference between State	
	and Nation	
	d. Social Contract and State	
	e. Neutral State, Class State and Patriarchal State	
	fChallenges to the Sovereignty of State	
Unit 5	5. Citizenship & Nation	
	a. Historical Evolution of the concept of Citizenship	
	b. Idea of Equal and Universal Citizenship: Marshall & His Critique	20
	c. Limits of Liberal Citizenship	20
	d. Citizenship in the New Context: Multiculturalism & Globalization	
	e. Objective & Subjective Criteria of Nation.	

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- ➤ Barry, Norman, An Introduction to Modern Political Theory, London, MacMillan, 1981.
- ➤ Barzel, Yoram, A Theory of the State. Economic Rights, Legal Rights and the Scope of the State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2002.
- ➤ Beetham, David,.Max Weber & the Theory of Modern Politics, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1992.
- ▶ Bhargav, R. What is Political Theory and Why Do we need it?OUP, N Delhi. 2010.
- ▶ Bhargav, R. Political theory.Pearson/Longman, Delhi. 2008
- Chandoke, Neera, State & Civil Society. Explorations in Political Theory, NewDelhi, Sage, 1995.
- Dunn, John, The History of Political Theory and Other Essays, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1996.
- Goodin, E. Robert and Klingemann, Hans-Dieter (ed.), A New Handbook of Political Science, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1996.
- Held, David, Political Theory and the Modern State, Cambridge, PolityPress, 1984.
- Hevwood, Andrew, Politics, Houndmills, MacMillan, 1997.
- Hunt, E F & Colander, D C. Social Science: An Introduction. Pearson, Noida. 2010.
- Keane, John, Global CivilSociety, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- McKinnon, C. Issues in Political Theory. OUP, New Delhi. 2008.
- Nash, Kate (ed.), Readings in Contemporary Political Sociology, Massachusetts, Blackwell, 2000.
- Sullivan, Noel, Political Theoryin Transition, London, Routledge, 2000.

2. Administrative Theory (109002)

Marks: 100 (4 credits)

Objective:

Student is exposed to the evolution of and major approaches prevailing in the sub-field of Public Administration. She is familiarised with the theoretical debates pertaining to the dynamics of bureaucracy and public policy.

	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1. The Study of Administration: Its Nature and Development	
	a. Changing nature of administration – Art Science or Profession, Political	
	nature	
	b.Development of administration – Paradigm by Nicholos Henry	15
	c. New Public Management, Public Choice Approach, Governance,	
	Entrepreneurial Government	
Unit 2	2. Ecological, Decision-Making and Political Economy Approaches	
	a. Modern Approached to Public Administration	
	b. Ecological Approach – Riggs Contribution, Riggs typology and Sala Model	
	c. Decision Making Approach – Simon's Contribution, Garbage Can Model,	25
	Muddling Through Model, Mix Scanning Model	
	d. Political Economy Approach – Meaning, contributions by Anthony Downs	
Unit 3	3. Development Administration	
	a. Development Administration – Meaning, Emergence,	
	b. Approaches	15
	c. Riggs contribution	
Unit 4	4. Bureaucracy and Society: Weberian, Marxist and Feminist	
	Perspectives	
	a. Weberian argument – Ideal Type Bureaucracy by Weber, Context and	
	Characteristics of Bureaucracy, Criticism of Weberian Model	25
	b. Marxist understanding of Bureaucracy	
	c. Feminist Perspective – Feminist argument against bureaucracy, Arguments	
	by Cathy Fergusson, Camilla Stivers	
Unit 5	5. Public Policy: Theories and Processes	
	a.Stages of Public Policy Making	
	b.Role of Parties	20
	c. Role of Pressure Groups	
	d. Role of Public Opinion	

- Albrow, Martin, Bureaucracy, London, MacMillan, 1978.
- Arora, K. Ramesh and Kaushik, S.L., The Universe of Public Administration: Essays in Honour of Prof.Sudhes K. Sharma, New Delhi, Associated, 1994.
- ➤ Bennis, Warren, Beyond Bureaucracy: Essaysin the Development and Evolution of Human Organisation, San Francisco, Jossey-Bass Publishers, 1993.
- ➤ Beetham, David, Max Weber and the Theory of Modern Politics, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1985.
- Dubhashi, P.R., Essays in Development Administration, New Delhi, Archives Publishers, 1986.
- ➤ Ghosh-Bhattacharya, Ratna, Administrators in a Developing Society, Bombay, Himalaya, 1989.
- > Jangam, R. J., Basic Theories of Administration, Ganga Kaveri, Varanasi, 1998.
- Lynn, B. Naomi and Wildavsky, Aaron (eds.), Public Administration. The State of the Discipline, New Delhi, Affiliated East-West Press, 1992.
- Maheshwari, Shriram, Theories and Concepts in Public Administration, New Delhi, Allied Publications, 1991.
- ➤ Sharma, M. P. &Saldhana, B. L. Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Allahabad, KitabMahal, 2001
- Savage, Mike and Witz, Anne (eds.). Gender and Bureaucracy, Oxford, Blackwell, 1992.
- Self, Peter, Administrative Theories and Politics, Surrey, George Alien and Unwin, 1977.

3. Theoretical Aspects of International Politics (109003)

Marks 100 (4 credits)

Objective:

This Course focuses on the study of International Politics as a sub-field of Political Science. Student is exposed to the major approaches and concepts in the sub-field. She is familiarised with different perspectives on the organization of the international political system. Student is equipped to explore and analyse the power dynamics at international level.

No	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1.The Study of International Politics: Its Nature and Scope	
	a. Evolution of the Discipline: Major Stages	15
	b. Sub – disciplines of the discipline of International Politics	
Unit 2	2. Major Approaches: Realism, Idealism, Systems Theory, Marxism and	
	Feminism	
	a. Realism and Neo - Realism: Basic Assumptions	
	b. Idealism: Major Debates	25
	c. Systems Theory: Contribution and Limitations	
	d. Marxism: Nature of the International System, International Political	
	Economy and Dependency Theory	
	e. Feminism: Interrogations about the prevailing conceptual framework of IR	
Unit 3	3. The Concept of National Power: Its Constituents and Limitations	
	1. Debates about the constituent of the National Power	15
	2. Limitations of the National Power in the contemporary scenario	
Unit 4	4. The Management of Power: Balance of Power and Collective Security	
	a. Hans Morgenthau: Basic Assumptions of the Balance of Power	
	b. Types of Balance of Power system	25
	c. Debates about the efficacy of Balance of Power	
	d. Essential tenets of Collective security system	
	e. Efficacy of the Collective security	
Unit 5	5. The Concept of Non-alignment: Bases, Role and Relevance	
	a. Principle Assumptions of Non Alignment	
	b. Role Played by the NAM in the Cold War period	20
	c. Relevance of NAM in a the post-Cold War world	

- Bajpai, P. Kanti and Shukul, C. Harsh, Interpreting World Politics, New Delhi, Sage, 1995.
- Buzan, Barry, International System in World History. Remaking the Study of International Relations, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- Baylis, J & Steve, S. Globalization of World Politics, London, OUP, 2005
- Clarke, lan, Globalization and International Relations Theory, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1999.
- Gill, Stephen, (ed.), Gramsci, Historical Materialism and International Relations, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1993.
- Goldstein, Joshua, International Relations, New York, Harper Collins College Publications, 1994.
- ➤ Holsti, K.J. International Politics. A Framework for Analysis, New Delhi, PrenticeHall of India, 1995.
- ➤ Jackson, R. & Sorensen, G. Introduction to International Relations, New Delhi, OUP, 2005
- Kumar, Mahendra; Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Agra, Shivlal Agarwala and Company, 1984.
- Mingst, K. Essential International Relations, New York, W W Norton & Co. 2005
- Nicholson, Michael, International Relations: A Concise Introduction, Houndmills, MacMillan, 1998.
- Spanier, John, Games Nations Play, New Delhi, MacMillan, 1990.
- Sylvester, Christine, Feminist International Relations. An Unfinished Journey, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2002.
- Walker, R B J International Relations as Political Theory, Cambridge, CUP, 2004.
- Wendt, Alexander, Social Theory of International Politics, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999.

4. Theoretical Aspects of Comparative Politics (109004)

Marks: 100 (4 credits)

Objective:

Student is exposed to the evolution of and major approaches within the sub-field comparative politics. Student is equipped to compare various political systems by using different approaches and parameters of comparative inquiry.

No	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1.The Study of Comparative Politics: Its Nature and Development	
	a.Origins of Comparative Politics	
	b. Development of Comparative Analysis: Renaissance, Enlightenment,	20
	Historicism,	
	c. Emergence of Formal and Legal studies, Evolutionalism, Political Sociology	
	d. Distinction between Traditional and Modern Comparative Politics	
Unit 2	2. Systems and Structural-Functionalist Approaches	
	a. David Easton's Theory of Political System: Input - Out Put Model	
	b. Gabriel Almond's Theory of Structural Functionalism (Meaning of Political	20
	Structure, Functions of Political Systems – Capabilities Functions, System	
	Maintenance and Adaptation Functions and Conversion Functions)	
Unit 3	3. Marxist and Feminist Approaches	
	a. Class approaches to Comparative Analysis: Stages of Capitalist Development,	
	Dependency Theories	20
	b. Gender in Comparative Politics: Patriarchy & State in Comparative	
	perspective	
Unit 4	4. Strategies for Comparison	
	a. Levels of Analysis & Causal Theories	
	b. Themes for Comparative Analysis: State – Economy – Democratic Ideas –	15
	Collective Identity	
Unit 5	5. Typology of Political Systems	
	a. Almond's Typology (Primitive, Traditional, Modern Systems)	
	b. Blondel's Typology (Liberal Democratic, Authoritarian, Conservative,	
	Radical & Populist Systems)	25
	c. Macormiks' Typology (Liberal Democracies, Communist & Post –	
	Communist States, New Democracies, Less Developed States, Islamic States &	
	Marginal States)	

- Ball, R. Alan and Peters, B. Guy, **Modern Politics and Government,** Houndmills, MacMillan, 2000.
- Carlton, Rodee, et. al., Introduction to Political Science, London, McGraw Hill, 1976.
- ➤ Dogan, Mattel and Pelassy, Dominique, **How to Compare Nations**, New Delhi, Vision, 1984.
- Ellesworth, John and Stannke, Arthur, **Politics and Political Systems,** New York, McGraw Hill, 1976.
- Goodin, E. Robert and Klingemann, A New Handbook of **Political**Science, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1996.
- Heywood, Andrew, **Politics**, Houndmills, Palgrave, 1997.
- Hague, R. and Harrop, M Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction, Palgrave, Houndmills, 2010.
- ➤ Kreiger, Joel (ed.), **The Oxford Companion to the Politics of the World**, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- Lipson, Leslie, **The Great Issues of Political Science.An Introduction to Political Science**, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India, 1996.
- > O'Neil Patrick Essentials of Comparative Politics, New York, Norton & Co., 2004
- McCormick, J. Comparative Politics in Transition, New York, Cenage, 2010.
- Ray, S. N., Modern Comparative Politics, Approaches, Methods and Issues, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India, 1999.

5. Indian Political System (109005)

Objective:

Students is exposed to the historical and structural dimensions of Indian Political System. She is familiarised with the major debates about the structural set up of Indian politics. She is equipped with the terms of reference for analysing contemporary Indian Politics.

Marks: 100 (4 credits)

No	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1.The Colonial Legacy of the Indian Political System	
	a. Contribution of British Acts and Legislations	
	b. Continuity and Change – Constitutional Framework, Administration,	15
	Political Structures	
Unit 2	Salient Features of the Indian Political System	
	a. Democracy – Substantive or Procedural?	
	b. Secularism and Pseudo Secularism	25
	c. Federalism – From Cooperative Federalism to Competitive Federalism	
	d. Independent Judiciary – Issues : Politicization, Judicial	
Unit 3	Changing Nature of Party and Electoral Politics	
	a. Era of One Party Dominance – 'Congress System'	
	b. Decline of Congress System	
	c. National Parties and Regional Parties,	25
	d. Post 90s Electoral Politics – Fragmentation of Party System, Impact of	
	Mandir,Market, Mandal issues	
	e. Emergence of Coalition politics	
Unit 4	4. Contemporary Challenges: Terrorism, Corruption and Regionalism	
	a. Challenges posed by Terrorism and responses of Indian Political System	
	b. Challenges posed by Corruption and response of Indian Political System	20
	c. Regionalism – Language Politics, Punjab and Assam Crises, Emergence of	
	regional parties	
Unit 5	5. India's Role in World Politics	
	a. Changing nature of World Politics and Changing role of India	15
	b. UNO and India's Role	
	c. Indian's Role in the developing countries	

- ➤ Brass, Paul, **The Politics of India since Independence**, New Delhi, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- Chatterjee, Partha (ed.), **State and Politics in India,** New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1991.
- Frankel, Francine.et al. (eds.), **Transforming India.** Social **and Political Dynamics of Democracy,** New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- Hansen, Thomas and Jarferlot, Christophe (eds.) **The BJP and the Compulsions of Politics in India,** New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2002.

Semester II

1. Political Philosophy (209006)

Marks: 100 (4 credits)

Objective:

Student is introduced to the debates about the compulsions and predicaments of collective human life as well as to the debates about individual's relationship with the collectivity. She is familiarised with the various patterns of organising collective life. Student is equipped to explore the moral roots of political problems.

Unit	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1. Grounds of Political Obligation	
	a. Justifications for Authority	
	b. Moral & Prudential Obligations	15
	c. Grounds of Political Obligation: Contract, Consent, General Will, Justice	
	& Common Good)	
Unit 2	2.Political Disobedience and Resistance	
	a. Intellectual Foundations of Political Disobedience: Thoreau, Gandhi,	
	Martin Luther King (Jr.), Russell	
	b.Debate over the objections to the idea of disobedience: Majority rule,	15
	Participation in Democratic Rule, Lawful channels of Protest	
	c. Difference between Conscientious Resister and Civil Disobedient	
	d. Theories of Resistance: Althusser, Foucault, Feminist view	
Unit 3	3. Democracy, Liberty and Rights	
	a. Aspects of Liberal Democracy	
	b. Democracy: Procedural Democracy and Substantive Democracy Debate	
	c. Two concepts of liberty: Positive & Negative	
	d. Isaiah Berlin's concept of liberty	25
	e. Theories of Rights: (Theory of Natural Rights, Utilitarian Theory of	23
	Rights, Libertarian Theory of Right, Human Rights)	
	f. Individual Rights - Group Rights Debate: Communitarian &	
	Multicultural	
	Perspectives.	
Unit 4	4. Equality and Justice	
	a. Equality: Evolution of the Concept	
	b. Liberal, Marxist and Feminist understanding of Equality	20
	c.Rawls's Libertarian critique of Distributive Justice	
	d.AmartyaSen's views on justice	
A	e. Interdependence of Equality and Justice	
Unit 5	5. Recent trends: Post Modernism & Feminism	
	a. Post Modernism and Changed nature of Knowledge	
	b. Post modernism and Late Capitalism	25
	c. Issues raised by Feminism with reference to the nature of Political	
	Theory	

- ➤ Ball, Terrence and Bellamy, Richard, **The Cambridge History of Twentieth-Century Political Thought,** Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- ➤ Blaug, Ricardo and Schwarzmantel, John (ed.), **Democracy. A Reader**, Edinburgh, Edinburgh University Press, 2001.
- Bhargav, R. Multiculturalism, Liberalism and Democracy. OUP, New Delhi, 2010.
- Bhargav, R. What is Political Theory and Why Do we need it? OUP, N Delhi. 2010.
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- Dahl, A. Robert, **On Democracy**, New Delhi, East-West Press. 2001.
- Held, David. Models of Democracy, Stanford, Stanford University Press, 1996
- Horton, John, **Political Obligation**, London, MacMillan, 1992.
- ➤ Kreiger, Joel, (ed.), **The Oxford Companion to the Politics of the World,** Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- Magill, N. Frank, **International Encyclopaedia of Government and** Politics, New Delhi, S. Chand and Co., 2000.
- McKinnon, C.. Issues in Political Theory, New Delhi, OUP. 2008
- Magstadt, Thomas M. Understanding Politics: Ideas, Institutions and Issues. Belmont, Cengage, 2009.
- Pateman, Carol and Gross, Elizabeth, **Feminist Challenges: Social and Political Theory,** Boston,
- Norteastern University Press, 1989.
- Plant, Raymond, **Modern Political Thought**, Oxford, Blackwell, 1997.
- Ramaswamy, Sushila. Political Theory: Ideas and Concept, Macmillan, Delhi, 2002.
- Seldman, Steven and Wagner, David (ed.), **Post-Modernism and Social Theory,** Cambridge, Blackwell, 1992.

2. Issues in Administration (209007)

Marks: 100 (4 credits)

Objective:

Student is introduced to the key issues pertaining to administrative structures and processes. She is familiarised with the problems that emerge from the interaction of administration with politics and economics.

Unit	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1. Administration and Politics: Civil Service Neutrality and Integrity	
	a. Relation between Administration and Politics – types of administration and	
	type of political culture	
	b.Neutrality – meaning, Concept of Representative Bureaucracy, Committed	15
	Bureaucracy	
	c.Integrity – meaning, administrative corruption, measures to maintain	
	integrity	
Unit 2	2. Economic Administration in a Planned Economy and Free Market	
	Economy	
	a. Features of Planned System, Role of state in the Planned System, Role of	
	administration in it, Planning Commission	
	b. Planned System – Role of administration in the Russia, Post-Soviet	15
	Communist Countries	
	c. Features of Free Market System, Role of state in the Free Market System,	
	Role of Administration in it, Independent Regulatory Commission	
	d. Free Market system – Role of administration in the U.S.A., Advanced	
	Industrialist States	
Unit 3	3. Administrative Ethics and Accountability	
	a. Importance of Administrative Ethics	
	b. Code of Administrative Ethics	
	c.Ethics as a tool of accountability	25
	d. Difference between responsibility and accountability	
	e. Agencies of ensuring accountability	
Unit 4	4. Governance: Issues and Challenges	
	a. Concept of Governance	
	b. Administrative Reforms and Governance	20
	c. Good Governance	
Unit 5	5. Recent Trends:	
	a.Modernisation of Administration,	
	b.Partnership with Industry	25
	c. Non – Governmental Organisations (NGOs), Disaster Management	

- Avasthi, A. and Maheshwari, S. **Public Administration**, Agra, L.N. Agarwal, 2004.
- Eellamy, Christine and Taylor, John. **Governing in the Information Age,** Open University Press, 1998.
- Banerjee, M. Ajit and Chandrashekharan, K.A., **Renewing Governance. Issues and Options,** New Delhi, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1996.
- Basu, Rumki, Introduction to Public Administration, New Delhi, Sterling, 1986.
- Das, S.K., Civil Service Reform and Structural Adjustment, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- Dimock, M. E. and Dimock, G.O., **Public Administration.** New York, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1975.
- Goel, S.L., Advanced Public Administration, New Delhi, Deep & Deep, 2003
- ➤ Jha, S.N. and Mathur, P.C. (eds.), **Decentralisation and Local Politics**, New Delhi, Sage, 1999
- Maheshwari, Shriram (ed.), **A Dictionary of Public Administration**, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 2002.
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- Sharma, M. P. &Saldhana, B. L. Public Administration in Theory in Practice. Allhabad, kitabMahal, 2001.
- Srivastava, I.C., **Challenges and Change in Administrative** System, Jaipur, AJKPublishers, 1999.

3. Issues in World Politics (209008)

Marks:100 (4 credits)

Objective:

Student is introduced to the mechanism with which nations pursue their interests. She is familiarised with the way they compete, conflict and compromise with each other. She is equipped to analyse and explain the politics at international level.

Unit	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1.Foreign Policy and Diplomacy	
	a. Role of Foreign Policy	
	b. Determinants of Foreign Policy	15
	c. Determinants of Diplomacy	
	d. Limitations of Diplomacy	
Unit 2	2. War, Arms Race and Disarmament a. War: Meaning, Causes, Changes in the nature	
	b. Feminist critique of war	25
	c. Arms Race: Causes and Impact	
	d. Disarmament: Means and Efforts	
Unit 3	3.International Law and Organisation a. Achievements	
	b. Limitations	15
	c. Prospects	
Unit 4	4.Regional Organisations a. Patterns: Economic, Cultural, Strategic, Regional	
	b. Role played in International Relations	20
	c. Importance of Regional Organisations	20
Unit 5	5. Contemporary Challenges: Terrorism, Human Rights, Globalisation and Clash of Civilisations a. Terrorism: Phases & Impact on International Relations	
	b. Human Rights: Mechanisms to assure Human Rights, Impact on	_
	IR	25
	c. Globalisation: Changes in the International Political Economy	
	and consequent implications for international Relations	
	d. Clash of Civilisation: Context, argument and Implications	

- ➤ Baral, J. K. **International Politics Dynamics and Dimensions,** New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1987.
- ➤ Baylis, John and Smith, Steve, **The Globalisation of World Politics. An Introduction,** Oxford University Press, 1997.
- Calvocoressi. Peter, **World Politics: 1945-2000**, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2001.
- Couloumbis, T. A., and Wolfe, J. A., **Introduction to International Relations**, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India, 1981.
- ➤ Deutsch, W. Karl, **The Analysis of International Relations**, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India, 1989.
- Goodin, E. Robert and Klingemann, Hans-Dieter (ed.), A New **Handbook of Political Science**, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1996.
- ➤ Griffits, Martin and O' Callaghan, Terry, **International Relations. Key Concepts,** London, Routledge, 2002.
- For Groenewold, Julia and Porter, Eve (ed.), World in Crisis: Politics of Survival at the End of the Twentieth Century, London, Routledge, 1997.
- Meherish, B. N., **International Organisations:** Structures and Processes, Jalandhar, Vishal Publications, 1996.
- Russett, Bruce and Starr, Harvey, **World Politics: the Menu for Choice**, New York, VV, H. Freeman, 1996.
- Steiner, J. Henry and Alston, Philip, **International Human Rights in Context:** Law, Politics and Morals, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1996.
- ➤ Kreiger, Joel (ed.). **The Oxford Companion to the Politics of the World,** Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.

4. Issues in Comparative Politics (209009)

Marks:100 (4 credits)

Objective:

This Course provides a broad overview of the various conceptual frameworks that have been used over the years for comparative political analysis across the paradigms. Student is introduced to the various classificatory schemes that have resulted from such analysis. She is thus equipped to with conceptual tools to undertake comparative political analysis.

Unit	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1.Political Culture and Socialisation	
	a. Types of Political Culture: Parochial, Subject, Participatory	
	b. Levels of Political Culture: System, Process, Policy	20
	c. Agents of Political Socialisation.	
Unit 2	2. Political Elites and Classes	
	aElite Theories: Organisational Approach, Institutional Approach, Economic	
	Approach & Psychological Approach	20
	b. Class: Economic class & Social Class: Marxist view & Nicos Poulantzas's views	
Unit 3	3.Political Parties and Elections	
	a. Determinants & Functions of Political Party	
	b.Typologies of Political Parties: Blondel's Typology, Sartori's Typology &	20
	Duverger's Typology	
	c. Electoral Systems for Parliaments & for Presidents	
	d. Elections in Authoritarian Regimes & in Liberal Democracies	
Unit 4	4.Interest Groups and People's Movements	
	a. Forms of Interest Groups: Anomic, Non – associational, Institutional &	
	Associational.	20
	b.Interest Group Systems: Pluralist Interest Group Systems, Democratic Corporatist	
	interest group systems, Controlled Interest Group Systems	
	c. Determinants of People's Movement	
	d. Issues raised by People's Movements	
Unit 5	5. Political Development and Revolution	
	a. Modernisation as development: Apter's view	
	b. Lucian Pye's view on Political development	20
	c. Samuel Huntington's view on Political Development	
	d. Revolution as systemic problem	
	e. Marxist Theory of Revolution	
	f. Skocpol's Theory of Revolution	

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5. Politics and Society in India (209010)

Marks:100 (4 credits)

Objective:

This Course highlights the dynamics of politics-society interaction in India. Students is familiarised with the impact of social stratification on politics and new forms of popular mobilisation in India. She is equipped with an analytical insight into the political history of the post – independence India.

Unit	Course Content	Marks
Unit 1	1. Salient Features of Indian Political Culture	
	a. People's Participation	
	b. Secularism	15
	c. Nationalism	
	d. Voting culture – Political Symbols	
Unit 2	2. Political Economy of Development in India	
	a. Nehruian Model of Development	20
	b. Political Economy of Development in the post – liberalisation period	
Unit 3	3. Role of Class, Caste and Gender	
	a. Role of Working Class, Agricultural Classes and Middle Class in India	
	b. Dalit Politics & O. B. C. Politics: Pre and Post – Mandal Caste Politics, Regional	25
	variations in caste mobilisation	
	c. Issues raised by Women's Movement, Women in Power & Politics of Women's	
	Reservation	
Unit 4	4. Role of Ethnicity and Religion	
	a. Ethnicity as an aspect of the politics in the North – East	
	b. Factors responsible for communalism, causes of riots & Phases of communal	20
	politics.	
Unit 5	5. Rise of People's Movements	
	a. Context of the rise of people's movement	• •
	b. Agenda before the people's movements	20
	c. Challenges before the people's movements	

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